"ABSTRACTION" -


ABSTRACTION MEANS...
Take away detail.
Departing realism for representation.

Grab a closed laptop and open note book.

Purpose: How to convert 5 into 0101.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3=000 \vee \sqrt{ } \\
& 8=01000 \\
& 10=01010 \\
& 6=00110 \\
& 0=00000
\end{aligned}
$$

# Listed below are the types of words and phrases you will need for answering test questions iabout this lesson. 

2.1 - A variety of abstractions built upon binary sequences can be used to represent all digital data. 2.1.1 - Describe the variety of abstractions used to represent data. [P3]

- 2.1.1A - Digital data is represented by abstractions at different levels.
- 2.1.1B - At the lowest level, all digital data are represented by bits.
- 2.1.1C - At a higher level, bits are grouped to represent abstractions, including but not limited to numbers, characters, and color.
- 2.1.1D - Number bases, including binary, decimal, and hexadecimal, are used to represent and investigate digital data.
- 2.1.1E - At one of the lowest levels of abstraction, digital data is represented in binary (base 2 ) using only combinations of the digits zero and one.
2.3 - Models and simulations use abstraction to generate new understanding and knowledge. 2.3.1 - Use models and simulations to represent phenomena. [P3]
- 2.3.1A - Models and simulations are simplified representations of more complex objects or phenomena.
- 2.3.1B - Models may use different abstractions or levels of abstraction depending on the objects or phenomena being posed.
2.3.2 - Use models and simulations to formulate, refine, and test hypotheses. [P3]
- 2.3.2A - Models and simulations facilitate the formulation and refinement of hypotheses related to the objects or phenomena under consideration.
- 2.3.2B - Hypotheses are formulated to explain the objects or phenomena being modeled.
- 2.3.2C - Hypotheses are refined by examining the insights that models and simulations provide into the objects or phenomena.

